Time Limit: 15 min.

4

6

1. The region between the following curves: y = 0, $y = e^x$, x = 0, and x = 1 is revolved around the x-axis. Set up the integral which represents the volume of the resultant solid. Solve the integral.

2. Use the arclength integral to express the circumference of a circle centered at the origin of radius r. (You need not solve the integral). HINT: the equation for a circle is not necessarily a strict function.